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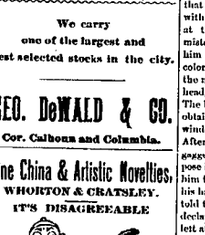

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BLEW HIS BRAINS OUT.

Colonel Canaday, Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, Takes His Own Life.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Col. W. P. Canaday, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, committed suicide this morning by blowing out his brains in his room, No. 712 Tenth street, N. W. Since his retirement from the senate Colonel Canaday has been engaged in a general brokerage business in partnership with J. Q. A. Houghton, who furnished the financial resources of the firm. Mr. Houghton said he was awakened early this morning by a colored boy, who brought him a message that Colonel Canaday desired to see him at the office. Since his connection with Canaday and the business Mr. Houghton said he had never less than $17,000 in the concern, $2,000 of which he had placed in the safe only last night. His suspicions were aroused that the message had something to do with that money, and when he arrived at the office he found he was not mistaken. Colonel Canaday stated to him that he was awakened by three colored men, between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning, who, with revolvers at his head, compelled him to open the safe. The burglars, Colonel Canaday said, had obtained entrance by breaking the window pane with a railroad spike. After securing the money the robbers gagged the colonel, using for the purpose his night robe. They then bound him to the door of the office, after tying his hands and feet. This was the story told to Mr. Houghton, who promptly declared his disbelief of the tale, and left after warning Colonel Canaday that he intended to procure a warrant for his arrest.

The story as told by Mr. Stevenson, whose apartments in the house are above Canaday's office, is that some time before 4 o'clock this morning he was awakened by a tapping sound and immediately after he heard a voice asking him to come down stairs. This was repeated several times. Mr. Stevenson hurried down to the room below and found Colonel Canaday bound to a closet door in the room. In an excited tone he asked to be cut loose. This being done Colonel Canaday was asked the cause of his unusual position. He replied: "Robbers in the room on the floor." Mr. Stevenson glanced down and saw a number of charred papers. Colonel Canaday told him that robbers had overpowered him and burglarized his effects. The police were summoned, to whom Colonel Canaday related the same story. An examination of the premises showed that the window through which the burglars obtained entrance, as claimed by Colonel Canaday, had been smashed into fragments. The things used to hold Colonel Canaday to the door were pieces of binding twine, tied loosely about his knees, ankles, wrists and elbows. The gag was poorly arranged in his mouth and he had no difficulty in raising his voice so that he could be heard by the boarders on the story above. Colonel Canaday, after giving his version of the story to the police, retired to his private room in the office and dressed himself then sent the message to his partner, Mr. Houghton. After the scene between them he returned to the office, and about 7:30 o'clock he was found by the police, who had come to serve the warrant sworn out by Mr. Houghton, stretched on a cot in the corner of the room with a bullet hole in his head. The bedding about the colonel was in a pool of blood, the bullet had passed clear through his head and was embedded in the wall. A note was found written by Colonel Canaday to his partner, Mr. Houghton, saying: "After your conduct this morning I have no further use for life."

Another note was found by his side said to have been addressed to a lady, which the police have and will not make public until the inquest. It is said the charred papers found on the floor of the office represent notes, bonds, stocks and other commercial paper of value of $100,000. Colonel Canaday has been separated several years from his wife, who with her only son, a young boy, lives at Wilmington, N. C., and rumor connects his name with that of a young woman who has been in his employ. The police are looking for her, in the belief that she may be able to tell something of the whereabouts of the $2,000 that disappeared last night. Colonel Canaday had been in financial trouble for some time. They were the cause of his retirement from the office of sergeant-at-arms of the senate. Colonel Canaday was a native of North Carolina and after the war took a prominent part in politics. For a number of years he was a member of the senate.

THE BIG FOUR SUED.

James Story Wants $10,000 for the Loss of an Arm.

WABASH, Sept. 27.—James Story entered suit in the Wabash circuit court this morning against the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan railroad for $10,000. A little over a year ago he was a switchman in the yard, and while coupling cars had his arm crushed so that it had to be amputated. Story claims that the couplers on the cars were defective, hence the suit.

SAM ENTERS JOURNALISM.

The Evangelist Will Soon Preside Over an Indiana Paper.

VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 27.—Rev. Sam W. Small, the southern evangelist, delivered two lectures here Sunday. Rev. Small has bought a half interest in the Princeton Era, a prohibition paper, and edits a department under the head of "Sam Small's Snap Shots." He will probably move his family from Atlanta, Ga., to Princeton, Ind.

RATHER STARTLING.

The Bohemia Furnishes Three Cholera Patients.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Sept. 27.—The following is from Dr. Byron at 9:10 this morning: Daily cases—Transferred to convalescent ward, thirty-nine; admitted from ship Bohemia, two; died in hospital, one; sick patients convalescent and suspects, three. The names of those admitted, Mariana Lukwasko, 7 years, Stanislaus Michesarich, 8 years. The latter died two and one-half hours after admission, September 27, at 10 a. m. These two cases developed on the Bohemia about dusk and were transferred to Swinburne island about 11 o'clock last night. There is strong grounds for fear that the usual examination will prove the case of the eight-year-old girl to have been cholera. At 12 o'clock Dr. Jerkins received a dispatch from Dr. Byron, saying he had just transferred three more cases from the Bohemia. They were Wm. Latz, aged four; Johana Milkscraic, aged six, and Karl Grasse, aged twenty-four. The only additional fact in the statement is that the symptoms were very serious.

MORE ENCOURAGING.

Reports From the Cholera Districts Indicate Abatement.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 27.—The new cases of cholera yesterday numbered twenty and the deaths two. Forty patients were discharged as cured.

HAVRE, Sept. 27.—The official records show that the cholera is disappearing. Yesterday there were only twenty-three deaths from the disease, and sixty-four new cases.

HAVRE, Sept. 27.—There were three deaths from cholera yesterday, and nine new cases.

CAPE LOW, SANDY HOOK, N. J., Sept. 27.—The Bugia and Scandia's passengers were transferred to Ellis Island this morning. Only seven passengers are left in the camp.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 27.—It is reported here that the authorities at Yokohama refused to allow the steamship Empress of India to land passengers owing to a case of cholera alleged to have been on board. There are 275 passengers on board.

ONLY A PRETENSE.

Was Russia's Seizure of American Sealing Vessels.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 27.—It is reported that the captain of one of the British Columbia's sealing vessels seized by Russia in Behring sea is here for the purpose of furnishing the government with affidavits of his seizure and information as to others, and that he states that he understood the Russian language and while a prisoner on board the Russian gun boat learned from the conversation and actions of the Russian officers that they were instructed to make only a pretence of seizing American vessels, the real object being to assert such rights in Behring Sea as would materially assist the United States in the approaching arbitration. Be this as it may, embarrassments regarding these seizures are passing daily between the British and Canadian governments.

A POLITICAL EVENT.

The Democratic Society of New Jersey in Convention.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 27.—The Democratic Society of New Jersey met in annual convention in the Seventh Regiment armory this morning. Ten clubs being represented.

The platform heartily endorses the platform of the democratic party adopted at the national and state conventions and the policy so ably enunciated in the letter of acceptance of Grover Cleveland and urges the immediate formation of democratic associations throughout the state to co-operate in the work of the society.

THE READING.

The State Senate Committee at Work on the Case.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The state senate committee to investigate the Reading coal combine, held a meeting this morning at the Murray Hill hotel. The committee adopted the recommendation of its counsel and ordered the transmission of the counsel's opinion to the attorney general of the state and advised that immediate action be taken to invalidate the leases and sub-lease of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company to the Reading company.

CANADA'S EXHIBIT.

The Dominion Will be Well Represented at the World's Fair.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 27.—The statement that a probability exists of the Canadian exhibit at the world's fair in Chicago not being first-class, is, according to Professor Saunders, the dominion commissioner, groundless.

In fact, he says, already over 10,000 feet of space has been applied for, more than has been allotted by the world's fair directors to Canada. The total amount of space granted to the dominion is about 100,000 feet.

Michigan Republican League.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 27.—The annual convention of the Michigan League of Republican clubs was held this morning, and Philip T. Colgrove, of Hastings, was elected president, and Charles E. Baxter, of Detroit, secretary. John T. Rich, G. J. Dickeman and J. W. Wright Giddings, candidates on the state ticket, made speeches.

Shad scales are North Sea land money.

THIEVING CLERKS.

The Postal Inspectors Succeed in Discovering a Systematic Robbery Scheme.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—After nine months hard work General Edgerton, head of the postal inspectors of this district, and his subordinates have succeeded in running down a set of conspirators who have been systematically plundering Philadelphia merchants of thousands of dollars worth of valuable goods. The full extent of their operations or the number engaged in the thieving are not yet known, but four men were arrested late last night and the postal inspectors of the United States and deputy marshals are out today after those who have received the stolen goods and other members of the gang. The men under arrest are all van drivers and are John Hooper, James Hirst, Charles Schach and John J. Dicker. Their system of stealing was simple, but effective. All mail pouches are placed in the mail wagons to be carried to the depots. The way mail is placed in what are called the "tie sacks," fastened with a string. At the depot the drivers would back up their wagons, get inside and leisurely unsack the bags. Small and valuable packages would then be abstracted. Afterward the spoils would be disposed of to a "fence."

SENATOR INGALLS.

He Speaks of the Political Outlook in a Characteristic Manner.

ATCHISON, Kas., Sept. 27.—Ex-Senator Ingalls has just returned from Europe. Speaking of the political outlook in Kansas and the talk of fusion, he said: "It is a singular situation, that upon which we have come. Politics is a battle. On the field we use bullets, in the campaign ballots. It is give and take, Sullivan and Corbett. The conflict must be waged unrelentingly. Talk about concessions, alliances, rosewater license. Do the democrats do it? Every orator on the democratic stump calls the republican party a party of robbers, a party of monopoly, a party of traitors to the constitution and if a republican twists the knives between their ribs they squeal and beg. I sometimes wonder what became of the democrats of two years ago. I wonder what became of the 80,000 majority which we gave to Harrison. In the catachism which followed, in which every republican seemed to be elected, myself included, for I went out of sight, surpassing the cow which jumped over the moon, there was a complete change and the democratic party, in part, was lost to view. What a change in two years. I am for winning back the sheep which strayed from the fold. The old soldiers who were induced to go away, must be found and taken by the hand and led back. Let there be an awakening. I have not been back long enough to find out what is going on. I do not pretend to speak advisedly and my views as I have expressed them to you are subject to a modification as the situation may have changed. I would prefer not to be quoted until that time."

WILL MOVE TO ALBANY.

Senator Hill Decides to Leave New York Soon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—A special from Albany says that within a few months, probably at the close of the campaign, Senator Hill will remove his law practice to Albany and confine it to cases in the court of appeals and general term. All the time when not engaged in senatorial duties, has been devoted to his legal business, at present he is supervising the alterations and improvements of his new residence, the "Emmett Villa," and will probably be in full possession within a month.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Two Old People Perish in Trying to Save Household Goods.

HOWARD, S. D., Sept. 27.—A fire, supposed to have been started by children, yesterday afternoon swept over the whole eastern side of the business street, causing a loss estimated at $100,000; insurance, $30,000. R. B. Allen's mother and father, an old couple, lost their lives saving household goods.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Fire last night in the wholesale millinery establishment of N. Nasbaum caused a loss of $25,000.

CHOLERA IN TEXAS.

Two Cases Appear at Dallas—One Death.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 27.—Last night State Health Officer Dr. R. M. Sweiringer forwarded a report to Gov. Hogg, in which he stated that he had attended two cases of suspected cholera. One was Samuel Harris, who died September 25. The other was Charles Hausler, who came from Germany, via Harve. Hausler is improving, but the doctor believes he has sporadic cholera.

A MAYOR SHOT.

While Trying a Case He is Assassinated by a Saloonkeeper.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 27.—Mayor John J. Martin was shot yesterday by R. P. Harr, the keeper of a "speak easy," who fired at him through the court room window while his wife was being tried for selling liquor without a license. Harr escaped but subsequently surrendered and was jailed.

DEFAULTER ARRESTED.

The Speculations of a Cotton Gambler End Abruptly.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 27.—W. B. Grossett, of Hope, Ark., whence he is a fugitive from justice, was arrested last night in a broker's office and jailed. He defaulted with $21,000 of the Hope school district funds, of which he was treasurer, and had also taken considerable money belonging to the People's bank, of which he was cashier. Most of the money has been recovered. Grossett attributes his downfall to cotton future speculations. When arrested he was conducting a transaction in cotton futures.

EMIGRANTS IN LONDON.

The Refusal of the Cunard People to Ship Them to America Leaves Them in a Bad Way.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Cunard Steamship line having grown tired of maintaining the emigrants from Hamburg who had bought tickets by way of the line at boarding houses in Liverpool, and seeing no early prospect of being able to dispose of them by transportation to America, offered to return to the emigrants the amount of their fares. The majority of the emigrants refused to accept the offer and insisted on being conveyed to the United States. The company then notified the keepers of the boarding houses in which the emigrants had been maintained that the company would no longer be responsible for their support. Thereupon the landlords turned the emigrants out of doors. The emigrants applied to the authorities, but the latter declined to admit the strangers to the work houses, as the poor houses in England are called, and the unfortunate foreigners wandered about the streets, the police, for sanitary reasons, not wishing to arrest them and not willing to have anything to do with them.

FATALLY INJURED.

Bloody Fight Between Old-Time Enemies Near Crawfordsville.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Sept. 27.—A feud of several months' standing has culminated in a bloody fight, and James Allen will probably loose his life. The Allen and Gilkey families live on adjoining farms, and have been at outs. Allen accused Gilkey's son of using on becoming language about him (Allen), and, confronting the boy, the lad admitted it. Allen struck him with a heavy cane, but the boy drew a large knife, and slashing at Allen, literally split his arm open to the elbow, causing a terrible hemorrhage, which could not be entirely checked. There were also a number of hideous cuts about the face and breast, and it is thought he will die. Both families are highly respected in the neighborhood, and among the wealthiest of the county.

A MAD COUPLE.

They are Charged With Stealing a Dead Man's Jewelry.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Henry Marsh and James McIntosh, who are said to be from Pittsburg, were arrested yesterday on a charge of grand larceny preferred by Harry Fehl, who says he is the administrator of Gamble Wier, of Pittsburg, who died in January. He alleges that Mrs. Marsh and McIntosh disappeared with several thousand dollars worth of personal property, jewelry and diamonds which belonged to Wier. The police made a thorough search of their house at No. 100 Beach street, Stapleton, and it is believed that some of the missing jewels were recovered. It is also intimated that the prisoners know something of the death of Mr. Wier, which was caused by poison.

CONVICTS ESCAPE.

They Attack and Disarm the Prison Guards.

DALLAS, Texas, Sept. 27.—At a convict camp, six miles west of here, yesterday, "Commodore" Miller and twelve other prisoners disarmed the guards and escaped, taking with them the guns of the guards. An alarm was given and a detachment of deputy sheriffs and police started in pursuit of the fugitives. Last night a hundred armed and mounted men were pursuing the convicts, but up to a late hour none of them had been recaptured.

APPORTIONMENT INVALID.

Such is the Decision of a Wisconsin Supreme Judge.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 27.—The supreme court this morning rendered a decision declaring the apportionment made by the extra session of the legislature invalid. Justice Winslow dissents. Another session will doubtless be called and the legislature will make another attempt to conform to the rulings of the court.

MRS. HARRISON'S CONDITION.

She Passes a Restless Night and is Worse This Morning.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Harrison is not quite so well this morning, having passed a restless night.

Renominated for Congress.

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—The democrats of the Ninth congressional district have renominated Congressman Joseph H. O'Neil, of South Boston. For presidential elector they nominated Edward J. Flynn.

Will Still Speak at Lynchburg.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 27.—Senator Daniels, of Lynchburg, has received a telegram from Senator Hill saying that the latter will make a political speech at Lynchburg October 26.

Curtis' Estate.

GREENFIELD, Mass., Sept. 27.—The estate of the late Geo. Wm. Curtis, according to the will filed in the probate court yesterday amounts to about $70,000.

All Quiet at Winsiar.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—There has been no further disturbance in the barracks of the First Life guards at Windsor and parading goes on as usual.

THE DEAD MUSICIAN.

His Remains Arrive in New York and Are Met by a Large Body of Musicians.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The body of Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore arrived at the Grand Central depot this morning. On the funeral train accompanying the body were Mrs. P. S. Gilmore and her daughter, Blanche; a committee of three of the Gilmore band, Laurence O'Reilly, Wm. Schultz and Howard Schultz, and a committee of directors of the Musical Protective association, who met the train at Poughkeepsie this morning. Long before the train was due crowds of friends and musicians of the dead leader had gathered at the depot. At 3 o'clock the train arrived. The musicians had formed in two long lines from the train to the waiting carriages without. Behind these lines crowding every corner of the spacious depot and the street were thousands of people who stood with uncovered heads from the moment of the train's arrival. After Mrs. Gilmore and her daughter had passed to their carriage the coffin containing the remains of the famous band master was taken from the car and carried to the hearse waiting without. As the head of the funeral train reached the entrance to the depot the soft and solemn notes of the "Lost Chord" filled the vast enclosure and the music continued until the funeral procession moved away. The remains were driven directly to the late home of the deceased, where they will remain until the funeral. Secretary Hunt, of the Musical union, said that Mrs. Gilmore had consented to a military funeral to take place tomorrow.

PEEK ON TRIAL.

His Testimony Occupies the Entire Day's Session.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 27.—When the special term of the supreme court opened this morning there was a large attendance of lawyers and politicians to hear the argument in the case against Charles F. Peek as labor commissioner of the state. It was supposed that Judge Forsman, of Troy, would hold the term, but Justice Mayham, who wrote the appointment decision the other day, was upon the bench when the court opened. It was said that an arrangement had been entered into whereby Justice Forsman need not sit. Mr. Peek strolled into court about half an hour after it opened and sat down and chatted with several republican leaders who were present.

The case, as called, was entitled: "In the matter of application of E. Ellery Anderson for a writ of peremptory mandaus to compel the production of certain papers." Mr. Norton Chase, of Albion, appeared for Mr. Anderson, and Mr. Edward Megan, of Albany, for Mr. Peek. After a lot of business had been concluded the case was called. In the meantime Mr. Peek had prepared the following affidavit: "Supreme court, Albany county. The people ex rel Ellery Anderson against Chas. F. Peek, commissioner of statistics of labor. City and county of Albany."

Mr. Peek was called to the witness stand and his testimony, interrupted as it was by cross-questions, occupied the morning session of the court.

Mr. Chase read the title and affidavits as presented, and after stating the case Judge Mayham said: "It seems to me that, as Justice Edwards granted the original order, and as there seems to be an odor in the air of great interests involved, I think we had better hear it." Mr. Chase.—We were sent to Kingston to subpoena Carnegie and I believe that the case should be heard by him. Mr. Megan.—There is no reason why the case should not be heard by Judge Edwards. After some argument Judge Mayham said: "I will send it to Judge Edwards' special term at Hudson the second Saturday in October." Mr. Chase wanted it heard Saturday, but Judge Forsman, at Troy, on Saturday, but Judge Mayham would not change his order. Mr. Megan said: "We are pleased and will now get a fair hearing."

FREE MAIL DELIVERY

Will be Established at Penn and Michigan City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—At the post-office department it was stated that the postal receipts for Indiana postoffices during the present year would show probably the greatest increase of any state in the union in proportion to population. The effect of the increase is shown in a proclamation just issued to establish free mail delivery at Penn, Michigan City and Shelbyville, on Dec. 1 next. The cities named must comply with the regulations in regard to posting the names of streets at the intersections thereof so as to render delivery, etc., by or before the 30th of November, or the establishment of the free service at the offices named will be postponed.

Invoking Aid Against Cholera.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Diaz, wife of the president of Mexico, made another religious pilgrimage to the shrine of Our Lady of Guadeloupe to invoke aid against the threatened invasion of cholera.

Judge Comstock Dead.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Geo. Franklin Comstock, ex-chief judge of the court of appeals, died this morning, at 6:30, after a lingering illness, aged eighty-one years.

Run on the Breakers.

LUNNON, Sept. 26.—The British gun boat Hawk ran on the Portland breakers last night and was towed off today, but slightly injured.

A FORGER CAUGHT.

Passes a Forged Check on Friends' Enterprise but is Afterwards Arrested—Court News.

Among the four prisoners in police court this morning was a stranger, who gave his name as Cash R. Harrison, and said he came from Nashville, Tenn.

He was charged with having passed a forged check of $50 on the First National bank, signed by the Jenney Electric light company, and made payable to the order of Jerry A. Dowd, at the Friend's Enterprise clothing store.

He had arrived in the city Sunday night, dressed in a gray suit and wearing a silk hat and took rooms at the Wayne hotel.

Last night about 8 o'clock he walked into the Friend's Enterprise and asked to be shown a suit of clothes, which was done. He finally decided to take a $15 suit, but first asked them if they would cash a check in payment for the suit. Mr. Friend consented and was presented with a check on the First National bank which read as follows:

Pay to Jerry A. Dowd fifty dollars.
JENNY ELECTRIC COMPANY.

The stranger said he was an employe of the electric works and had received that check after quitting last evening.

Mr. Friend cashed the check and returned to the stranger $35 in cash and he left with his purchase, going to the hotel, where he donned his new suit and put on a Derby hat.

Shortly after leaving the store Mr. Friend became suspicious that all was not right, and meeting Mr. Guild and showing him the check was informed that it was probably a forgery.

Mr. Friend at once notified the officers and Officer Bourgmann found the man at the Bank saloon, where he was arrested after a desperate struggle, claiming to be a United States marshal.

The fellow was handcuffed and taken to the police station, where he was searched. He carried a gold watch and a number of letters, besides a bundle of blank checks on the Bank of Commerce, Norfolk, Va., also $22.17 in money and a watch charm in the shape of a mandolin.

Among the letters was one on letter-head paper from the Griswold house, Detroit, which read:

"J. F. Dowd, Marquette, Mich.:
DEAR SIR—Inclosed please find check for $60, in full for account against me. Please receipt for same and send it to me at Nashville, Tenn.
"Very respectfully,
"C. B. HARRISON."

He also had letters addressed to A. J. Goterman, Marquette, Mich., which were from the Block Billiard Table company, Cleveland, O.

He had letterheads as follows: "A. J. Otterman, agent Crescent Transportation company, Marquette, Mich."

In an interview after his arrest he said his name was C. B. Harrison, that he was thirty-eight years of age and lived in Nashville, Tenn., the home of his parents. He said his father's name was also C. B. Harrison and that his father was a United States marshal while he was deputy United States marshal.

When his case was called in police court this morning and Prosecutor Emerick confronted him with the charge he pleaded "not guilty." The Friend brothers and Officer Bourgmann were sworn, testifying substantially as above. The prisoner was asked by the mayor what he had to say. "Nothing," was the reply and he was bound over to court in the sum of $1,000.

Before leaving the police station THE SENTINEL reporter interviewed the forger but he refused to talk about the crime with which he is charged. "I don't want to say anything to you newspaper men," he said. "You have reported me wrong in the morning papers, not even giving a correct description of myself. No, I have nothing to say for publication."

The fellow now occupies a cell at the county jail. There is a clear case against him, and he will go to the penitentiary.

The other prisoners who had a hearing before the mayor were: William Thompson, drunk, arrested by Officer McCrary; Geo. Clark, vagrancy, arrested by Officer Richter, and Jacob Bristol, drunk, arrested by Officer Richter. They were all sent to jail.

COURT NEWS.

The case of Johnson against the Wabash Railroad company for damages has been dismissed by Judge O'Rourke.

In the case of Rodemeyer against the city, in the superior court, Judge Dawson will render a finding tomorrow.

Judge Dawson has taken the case of Young against Williamson under advisement.

Jacob Fink sues Mary Fink for divorce in the superior court. Abandonment is alleged. The parties reside in Jefferson and Nelson Myers is attorney for plaintiff.

Frank Rogers and Mary A. Pranor, Salem E. Basborn and Lentie Ancera, Ernest C. Rehling and Amelia Dudenhafer, Adolph Ober and Sophia Koch, have been licensed to wed. The second couple mentioned above are Arabs.

The appeal in the Rhohn ditch case was heard and postponed yesterday in the circuit court until October 10.

A warrant was sworn out yesterday in Justice Haya' court against Frank Hutchinson by Annie Frederickson, who charged him with provoking her. Constable Skelly went to Hutchinson's house to arrest him, and the accused shut out of the back door as Mr. Skelly was coming in at the front door.

Mortimer Eubanks, eighty years old, has been released from the prison south, where he served a term for aiding in killing his own daughter, Sallie Eubanks. The family lived at Mitchell. Eubanks, sr., and Henry Eubanks, a son, ordered Sallie to go for whisky, and she refused. Henry then beat her to death with a billet of wood. He is now serving a life sentence.

Samuel J. Robecker, by his attorney, R. F. Harper, has filed a complaint in the circuit court for divorce, against his wife, Mattie. The complaint shows that they were married in December, 1891, and separated July, 1892, and that for a long time prior to separation she would scold incessantly, and at every meal time would throw dishes, knives, forks and victuals at him.

COLUMBUS DAY.

The General Committee Arranges a Portion of the Program—A Grand Parade Promised.

The committee appointed to arrange for an appropriate celebration of Columbus Day met last evening in the circuit court room. Hon. J. B. White, who presided, called the meeting to order and stated its object. He made a very patriotic speech, giving his idea of the nature and extent of the proper celebration, and his remarks were enthusiastically approved by the audience. The call for the meeting and the names of the executive committee were then read. Hon. J. D. Sarnighausen asked to be released from committee duty. His request was granted and Aug. L. Griebel was selected as his successor. The following additions were made to the regular executive committee: R. E. White, representing the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Henry J. Lapp, of the Carpenters' union; Henry Heine, of the German Land Wehr Verin, and William Schiefferdecker.

At the suggestion of A. S. Lauferty, it was decided to make the part taken by the school children one of the most important features of the celebration. The speaker suggested that the public and parochial schools be asked to provide appropriate floats and that they be given a prominent position in the parade. After a little discussion the floats were apportioned in the following order:

CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

"Columbus Before the Court of Ferdinand and Isabella."

"Columbus Leaving the Harbor of Genoa on His Tour of Discovery."

"Landing of Columbus at San Salvador."

LUTHERAN SCHOOLS.

"William Penn's Treaty With the Indians."

"Washington Crossing the Delaware."

"The Surrender of Cornwallis."

HEBREW SUNDAY SCHOOL.

"Liberty Enlightening the World."

The scholars have already expressed their willingness to prepare this float and they will be assisted by Messrs. and Mesdames M. Frank, M. Lumley, A. S. Lauferty and Charles Falk.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

"Signing the Declaration of Independence."

"America."

"The Star Spangled Banner."

FEEBLE MINDED INSTITUTE.

"Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

The Westminster and the Concordia college teachers and students will also be invited to prepare floats, the selection being left to themselves.

The willingness of the public schools will be assisted in the work of preparing floats by Messrs. and Mesdames A. F. Hoffman, O. F. Morgan, Charles McCulloch, D. N. Foster, S. C. Lumbard, E. C. Rorabo and Dr. John S. Irwin and Mr. J. M. Moritz.

The following persons will perform the same duties for the Lutherman school children: Messrs. and Mesdames H. C. Paul, Otto Gross, J. F. W. Meyer, J. A. M. Storm, A. L. Griebel and John H. Ungemach.

This afternoon a committee appointed for that purpose is in session in the office of the Allen County Building and Loan Association arranging a program for Columbus Day and making an approximate cost of the celebration. It consists of Messrs. A. S. Lauferty, H. C. Berghoff, C. A. Zollinger, C. B. Oakley, Henry Paul and O. P. Morgan. This committee will report at the next meeting of the general committee, which will be held next Thursday evening in the circuit court room. Chairman White addressed the meeting last evening were E. C. Rorabo, J. G. Olds, Mayor Zollinger, Dr. McOsmer, M. Frank and H. C. Berghoff.

WASN'T KILLED.

A Brazil Tough Who Was Supposed to Be Dead Comes Back.

BRAZIL, Sept. 27.—Thomas Creighton entered Haverly's saloon with a large revolver in each hand some time ago. He ordered everyone to throw up their hands, at the same time discharging both weapons into the crowd. Haverly and Tom Cassidy began firing at Creighton. Cassidy's hat was shot from his head and he received a slight flesh wound. Suddenly Creighton shrieked an fell out of the back door. It was thought that he was fatally injured. The police searched for Creighton, but only a pool of blood was found. He was supposed to be dead, and it is thought that he was sent to Chicago. This morning he returned to this city and was arrested and locked up.

The Steamer Alaska.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Guion line steamer Alaska arrived off Queenstown at 2:30 this morning. Rough weather prevented the Alaska from touching at Queenstown.

The city council will meet tonight.

TOO MUCH MORPHINE.

A Guest of the Rich Found Nearly Dead From His Use—A Nurse Nearly Poisons a Patient.

George L. Thomas, a traveling man, arrived in the city Saturday morning and registered at the Rich. In the evening he acted queerly and some of the inmates of the hotel kept a close watch on his movements. About 10 o'clock, after Thomas had retired, a friend who knew that Thomas was a confirmed user or morphine, went up to the latter's room to see how he was. On opening the door he found the light burning and Thomas stretched out on the bed with the glassy stare of death in his eyes, apparently lifeless. Help was immediately summoned and Dr. J. E. Miller sent for. It looked like a hopeless case, but after working with him until 4 o'clock the next morning, the doctor finally restored the man to consciousness, and on being questioned he said he took an overdose of morphine. He recovered enough to be able to walk about in the afternoon, and procuring some more of the drug, took another dose, which rendered him almost as bad as the first. When sufficiently recovered he was put on board a train and sent to his home at Warsaw.

A CARELESS NURSE.

Mrs. Jacob Smidt, of 129 Tabor street, had a very narrow escape from a terrible death by poison yesterday. Mrs. Smidt, who is ill from a fever, was left two kinds of medicine by her physician, one to be taken inwardly, and the other was pure carbolic acid to be diluted when used. By mistake, the nurse, instead of giving Mrs. Smidt a dose of the fever medicine gave her a tablespoonful of the carbolic acid. The moment it touched the sick woman's mouth she found the characteristic burn of the fluid and spit it out, at the same time asking the nurse what she had given her. The woman looked at the label on the bottle and replied, "Carbolic acid." Dr. L. T. Sturgis was immediately sent for, as some of the liquid had gotten down the woman's throat, and burned her badly. An antidote was at once administered, and she was gotten past danger, although suffering terribly. Mrs. Smidt's promptness in spitting out the medicine was all that saved her life.

WILL NOT GO.

The Hendricks Club Will Not Visit Kendallville.

Owing to an unexpected change in the program for the democratic celebration at Kendallville tomorrow evening, the Hendricks club have decided to postpone going to that city until some future date.

President Shambaugh this morning received a telegram from the committee, saying that owing to the fact that the principal speakers who were expected to address the meeting would be unable to be present and that the evening celebration would necessarily have to be postponed.

This announcement will be read with regret by the large number of people who would have attended, the club having chartered a special train for the occasion.

JAMES SIXTH ST.

The Contract for Building the New Engine House.

The members of the fire committee of the city council met this afternoon to consider the bids for the building of the new engine house on East Main street.

The following bids were received for the construction of the building.

Wm. Moellering, $7,993.98.

Geo. Jaap, $7,775.00.

J. H. Hilgemann & Son, $7,085.00.

Wiegman & Frank, $8,624.00.

The contract was awarded to George Jaap, he being the lowest bidder. The contract and bond will be presented to the council tonight for approval.

Hotel Arrivals.

The following were the prominent guests registered at the hotels today:

Randall—O. S. Hall, jr., Toledo; John Jones, Denver; E. L. Jones, Goshen; R. E. Foster, Chicago; Ira J. Chase, Indianapolis; W. J. and W. G. Ewing, New York; R. P. Smith, Richmond; E. B. Bishop, Cleveland; H. A. Andrews, Findlay.

Aveline—B. F. Xenfer, Indianapolis; A. C. Keene, Chicago; John Damur, Canton; C. L. Holmes, Appleton; L. C. Stough, East Palestine; Frank Wood, Chicago; G. M. Barnes, Toledo; W. P. Rowell, Chicago; Col. Chilles, Wabash; "A Railroad Ticket."

Aldine—Ed Ferguson and wife, and Ed Stevens and wife, Chicago; J. C. Williams, Hadley; J. M. Kerr, Sidney; Mrs. Ross, Portland; Leroy Payne, Chicago; Dr. Hopkins, Dayton; T. T. Smith, Portland.

Wayne—A. G. Young, Indianapolis; W. Evans, Pittsburg; Henry Dorner, New York; E. F. Wood, Chicago; Geo. LaBonte, Springfield, Mass.; W. V. Stuart, Lafayette; W. N. Laidnon, Toledo; G. J. Harrison, New York; G. W. Fahrion, Columbus.

Rich—O. D. Cawold, Dayton; T. W. Moore, Columbus; F. Richardson, Indianapolis. Thos. Young, Pennsylvania; C. C. Barbour, Detroit; J. W. Taylor, South Bend; O. L. Ballon, Lagrange; R. C. Gaenster, Cleveland; Chas. Hockwell and wife, Jacksonville.

Prohibition Nominations.

SEYMOUR, Sept. 27.—The prohibitionists of this, Jackson county, have nominated a ticket headed by Preston Rider for representative. The Rev. Sam Small has closed a series of meetings here in the interests of his party.

DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.

Not Only a Moral but a Physical Existence in Our Bodies.

The morality or bad within us has been ably set forth in the story of Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde. Not only did everybody see that there was a physical application of this remarkable story, more real and terrible than the contrasts of moral attributes.

The moral perfection of Dr. Jekyll is represented in our physical systems by sound, strong and regular health. Hyde—ugliness, murderous humanity or Mr. Hyde has its prototype in the weakness or disease of our vital organs, which create ugly wrinkles, and which may at any moment, put overcome our strong health and hold it in its deadly grasp.

How many diseases there are which instinctively cause us to see we are aware of our peril! We often neglect a little weakness or exhaustion, nervousness, tired feeling, sleepless nights until when we wake tired and unrefreshed, very languid feeling, headache, confusion of mind, dullness, loss of memory, strange sensations—which mean insanity, cold feet and hands, numbness, trembling, pricking sensation, extreme nervous or brain-mean paralysis. Poor blood, poor vitality, cold extremities and great weakness—mean consumption. Women disregard the weakness of nervous debility, malaria, the disorder of stomach, liver or kidneys, until fatal disease fastens upon us.

You neglect these symptoms at your peril, for they may run into incurable disease.

You should use immediately that wonderful remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, the pure vegetable medicine, which restores vigor to the tired brain, strength to the weak and shattered nerves, vitality and health to the exhausted body and those prevent fatal results. Physicians, plan!

"I had poor health for several years. Have been under the treatment of physicians, but they did me no good. The more medicine I took, the weaker I grew; was so bad at last I could not eat or sleep. Had a cough that almost raised me to pieces. Had pain in my chest which also breathing very difficult. As my father, brother and sister had died with consumption, I thought my time had come. With much pleasure and gratitude I can now say that I have been entirely cured of my troubles by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. My appetite is excellent, food digests well, sleep is refreshing, and altogether I feel re-created in health and strength. most earnestly recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to all who are afflicted with diseases caused by nervous or blood disorders. I have recommended it to many sufferers, and am pleased to say that it has given general satisfaction.

Mrs. ADDIE L. CRAGG,
10 North Portland ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

If, however, the most experienced physician is consulting all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th street, New York, can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about your case or send for symptom blank to fill out, and he will fully explain your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.

MOFFAT'S PILLS,

Established by one of our most eminent physicians and long connected to the medical profession and drugs to which they owe their real merit, and are used with more pleasing results than any other medicine.

They act on the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys, purify and enrich the whole system, and are a positive and perfect cure for all Malarious Disease, Torpid Liver, Impure Blood, Jaundice, Bad Complexion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Costiveness, Nervous and Sick Headache, Female Obstructions and General Weakness, Diseases of the Kidneys and Kidneys, Colds and Fever and Ague. Price 25c per box, plain or sugar coated.

For Sale by Druggists, or Packages in Medicine everywhere, or sent by Mail or Express on receipt of price.

J.P. MILLS, 35 Lord St., New York.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO

TO

Pacific Coast

KIRK'S DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP

Healthful, Agreeable, Cleansing,

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.,

Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.

Best for General Household Use.

Shirts to Order.

A Perfect Fit Or No Sale.

P. G. KUTTNER,

144 Calhoun Street.

E. KRAMER.

SIGN PAINTER,

90 EAST MAIN STREET.

Finest and Best work, Of carpet place in the city. 15-D

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY E. A. M. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1892.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

For President—Grover Cleveland, of New York.

For Vice President—Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor—Claude Matthews, of Vermillion county.

For Lieutenant-Governor—Mortimer Nye, of Laporte.

For Secretary of State—Capt. Wm. R. Myers, of Anderson.

For Auditor of State—John Oscar Henderson, of Kokomo.

For Treasurer of State—Albert Gall, of Indianapolis.

For Attorney-General—Alonzo G Smith, of Indianapolis.

For Reporter Supreme Court—Sidney R. Moon, of Rensselaer.

For Statistician—William A. Peelle, of Indianapolis.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Harvey B. Fox, of Indianapolis.

For Judge of Supreme Court district, J. N. Nev, of Vernon; third district, James McCabe, Wilkinson; fourth district, Timothy O. Howard, South Bend.

For Appellate Judges—First district, George L. Reinhard, Indianapolis; second district, Frank Gavin, Greensburg; third district, Theodore J. Bartz; fourth district, O. J. Lutz, Munice; fifth district, George W. Hoss, Logansport.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Congress—Thomas B. Cheadle—Hon. W. E. McNagny, of Whitley county.

JOINT SENATORIAL TICKET.

For Joint Senator, Allen and Whitley counties—Anthony Hood, of Allen county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Representatives to Legislature—John F. Hoffman, of Huntington, Samuel M. Hench, of Whitley county.

Sheriff—Daniel Hartman.

Treasurer—Edward Beckman.

Prosecuting Attorney—Will M. Litterick.

Surveyor—Charles Brandstatter.

Coroner—Dr. M. Harnod.

County Assessor—Stephen B. Heath.

Commissioner for First District—Jasper W. Jones.

OUR CIRCULATION.

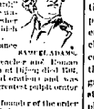
State of Indiana, Allen county, ss.

Personally appearing before me, clerk of the Allen circuit court, this day, the undersigned, manager of the Fort Wayne DAILY SENTINEL, who being duly sworn, says that the number of copies of the DAILY SENTINEL delivered to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the week ending September 24, 1892 was as follows:

Monday, September 19,	3,032
Tuesday, September 20,	3,935
Wednesday, September 21,	3,938
Thursday, September 22	3,948
Friday, September 23,	3,949
Saturday, September 24,	3,946
Total for the week,	23,626
Average for the week,	3,937

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of September, 1892. D. W. GOODE, Clerk.

THIS DAY IN THIS PAST.



1492—The "log" was first used by Columbus in his diary, "then came on the Guadalquivir at 10 o'clock, and we watched regularly forward." It is evident that the use of the sea-glass leaded and the log-reel after, which indicated the speed.

1620—Louis XIII. of France born; died 1643.

1777—Bernard, French preacher and Roman Catholic bishop, born at Digne; died 1861.

1822—Samuel Adams, patriot of American Revolution, born in Boston; died there 1803.

1870—Gen. Robert E. Lee, Confederate general, died at Lexington, Va.

1889—Hudson Maxim, of the Confederate navy, born in Charles county, Md.; died 1864.

1875—The first railroad in the world (five miles) was put in operation in England.

1876—Telephone patents were drawn by Bell.

1876—Gen. William Babcock Hazen, general, born in West Hartford, Vt.; died 1887.

1877—Birth of St. Edward Mecham.

1879—The Brooklyn bridge over the Philadelphia Centennial was completed; there were 1,800,000 visitors.

1880—General Abram Duryee, of the famous zouave, died in New York City, aged 72.

TONIGHT.

CITY COUNCIL—Regular meeting.

CITY V. M. C. A.—Lecture by Dr. DeWitt Miller.

MASONIC TEMPLE—"A Railroad Ticket," by CHRISTOPHER HALL—German Dramatic company and ball.

B. R. T. W. U. A.—Cottage meeting at home of CHARLES CRAIG, 128 W. 3d late street.

LODGES—Hesperia, F. and A. M.; Degree of Honor No. 2, and I. Regular M eeting.

WORLD'S MUSEUM—"Birds of a Feather" in the Opera House, and other attractions in the Curtis hall.

SENATOR TURPIE is making a brilliant canvass of the state and is speaking almost every day.

ALL the arrangements for the big barbecue to be held at Shoaff's Grove Wednesday have been completed and a big crowd is expected to be in attendance.

DEBIT: 1892 between 8,000 and 9,000 new churches were built in this country—further and significant proof of the rapid growth of religion.

THE letter of Grover Cleveland accepting the democratic nomination for president is a magnificent discussion of the political issues now before the American people. The letter fits into the platform adopted at Chicago and, as a sound interpretation of the democratic position, will be accepted by democrats everywhere.

HON. A. E. STEVENSON'S campaigning tour through North Carolina and Virginia has undoubtedly been productive of good results. The crowds that have turned out to greet him have been unprecedented in numbers and enthusiasm by any similar demonstrations since the visit of Henry Clay to the old North state fifty years ago. He has made the people realize, too, that the force bill is a living issue, and one of vital interest to them. The third party will not poll as large a vote in North Carolina as it would have done had Mr. Stevenson not gone into that state. His powerful appeals to the people to remain true to their allegiance to the democracy have not been without effect. Mr. Stevenson is the candidate of the democratic party for vice-president. He is now in Tennessee.

Cleveland's Letter.

The following is the letter of Grover Cleveland, accepting the nomination as the democratic candidate for president of the United States:

To Hon. William L. Wilson and others, committee, Buffalo, N. Y.:

GENTLEMEN:—In responding to your formal notification of my nomination to the presidency by the national democracy, I hope I may be permitted to say at the outset that continued reflection and observation have confirmed me in my adherence to the opinions which I have heretofore publicly and publicly declared to among the questions involved in the canvass. This is a time, above all others, when these questions should be considered in the light afforded by a sober apprehension of the principles upon which our government is based, and a clear understanding of the relation it bears to the people for whose benefit it was created. We shall thus be supplied with a test by which the value of any proposition relating to the maintenance and administration of our government can be ascertained, and by which the justice and honesty of every political question can be judged. If doctrines or theories are presented which do not satisfy this test, loyal Americanism must pronounce them false and mischievous. The protection of the people in the exclusive use and enjoyment of their property and earnings concededly constitutes the especial purpose and mission of our free government. This design is so interwoven with the structure of our plan of rule that failure to protect the citizens in such enjoyment or their unjustifiable diminution by the government itself is a betrayal of the people's trust. We have, however, undertaken to build a great nation upon a plan especially our own. To maintain it and furnish through its agency the means for the accomplishment of national objects, the American people are willing through federal taxation to surrender a part of their earnings and income.

Tariff legislation presents a familiar form of federal taxation. Such legislation results as surely in a tax upon the daily life of our people as that which is paid directly to the hands of the tax gatherer. We feel the burden of these tariff taxes too palpably to be persuaded by any sophistry that they do not exist, or are paid by foreigners. Such taxes, representing a diminution of the property rights of the people, are only justifiable when laid and collected for the purpose of maintaining our government and furnishing the means for the accomplishment of its legitimate purposes and functions. This is taxation under the operation of a tariff for revenue. It accords with the professions of American free institutions, and its justice and honesty answer the test supplied by a correct appreciation of the principles upon which those institutions rest. This theory of tariff legislation manifestly enjoins strict economy in public expenditures and their limitation to legitimate public uses, inasmuch as it exhibits as absolute extortion any exaction by way of taxation from the substance of the people beyond the necessities of a careful and proper administration of government. Opposed to this theory the dogma is now boldly presented that tariff taxation is justifiable for the express purpose of promoting special interests and enterprises. Such a proposition is so clearly contrary to the spirit of our constitution and so directly encourages the disturbance, by selfishness and greed, of patriotic sentiments, that a statement would rudely shock our people if they had not already been insidiously allured from the same landmarks of principle. Never have honest desire for national growth, patriotic devotion to country and sincere regard for those who toil, been so betrayed to the support of a pernicious doctrine. In its behalf the plea that our infant industries should be fostered did service until discredited by our stalwart growth; then followed the exigencies of a terrible war, which made our people heedless of the opportunities for ulterior schemes afforded by their willing and patriotic payment of unprecedented taxation, and now, under a long period of peace, when our overburdened countrymen ask for relief and a restoration to a fuller enjoyment of their incomes and earnings, they are met by the claim that tariff taxation for the sake of protection is an American system, the continuance of which is necessary in order that high wages may be secured to our working men until a home market provided for our farm products. These pretenses should no longer deceive. The truth is that such a system is directly antagonized by every sentiment of justice and fairness of which the Americans are pre-eminently proud. It is the claim that while our workingmen and farmers can, the least of all our people, defend themselves against the harder home life which such tariff taxation decrees, the workingman, suffering from the importation and employment of pauper labor instigated by his professed friends, and seeking security for his interests in organized co-operation still waits for a division of the advantages secured to his employer under cover of a generous solicitude for his wages, while the farmer is learning that the prices of his products are fixed in foreign markets where he suffers from a competition invited and built up by the system he is asked to support. The struggle of unearned advantage to secure more of the government tramples on the rights of those who patiently rely upon assurances of American equality. Every government concession to clamorous favorites invites corruption in political affairs by encouraging the expenditure of money to debauch suffrage in support of a policy directly favorable to private and selfish gain. This, in the end, must strangle patriotism and weaken popular confidence in the rectitude of republican institutions. Though the subject of tariff legislation involves a question of markets it also involves a question of morals. We cannot, with impunity, countenance injustice in the spirit of right and equity, which is the national destiny if greed and selfishness lead the way. Recognizing these truths the national democracy will seek, by the application of just and sound principles, to equalize to our people the blessings due them by the government they support; to promote amongst our countrymen closer community of interests and patriotism and national pride, and to point out a fairfield where the prosperous and diversified enterprises may grow and live in the wholesome atmosphere of American industry and ingenuity. Tariff reform is still our purpose. Though we oppose the theory that tariff laws may be passed, having for their object the granting of discriminating and unfair governmental aid to private ventures, we wage no exterminating war against any American interests. We believe a readjustment can be accomplished in accordance with the principles we profess without disaster or demolition. We believe that the advantages of free raw material should be accorded to our manufacturers, and we contemplate a fair and equal distribution of necessary tariff burdens rather than the precipitation of free trade. We anticipate with calmness the misrepresentation of our motives and purpose instigated by a selfishness which seeks to hold in unrelenting grasp its unfair advantage under present tariff laws. We will rely upon the intelligence of our fellow countrymen to reject the charge that a party comprising a majority of our people is planning the destruction or injury of American interests, and we know that they cannot be frightened by the spectre of impossible free trade.

The administration and management of our government depends upon popular will. Federal power is the instrument of that will—not its master. Therefore the attempt of the opponents of democracy to interfere with and control the suffrage of the states, through federal agencies, develops a design, which no explanation can mitigate, to reverse the fundamental and safe relations between the people and their government. Such an attempt cannot fail to be regarded by thoughtful men as proof of a bold determination to secure the ascendency of a discredited party in reckless disregard of a free expression of the popular will. To resist such a scheme is an impulse of democracy. At all times and in all places we trust the people. As against the disposition to force the way to federal power or to control them as our claim to their confidence and support a steady championship of their rights.

The people are entitled to sound and honest money, abundantly sufficient in volume to supply their business needs. But whatever may be the form of the people's currency, national or state, it must be good, silver or paper—it should be so regulated and guarded by governmental action, or by wise and careful laws, that none can be deluded as to the certainty and stability of its value. Every dollar put into the hands of the people should be of the same intrinsic value or purchasing power, and this condition absolutely guaranteed, both gold and silver can be safely utilized upon equal terms in the adjustment of our currency. In dealing with this subject no selfish scheme should be allowed to interfere and no doubtful experiment should be attempted. The wants of our people arising out of the deficiency of imperfect distribution of money circulation ought to be fully and honestly recognized and efficiently remedied. It should, however, be constantly remembered that the inconvenience or loss that might arise from such a situation can be much easier borne than the universal distress which much must follow a discredited currency.

Public officials are the agents of the people. It is therefore their duty to secure for those whom they represent the best and most efficient performance of public work. This plainly can be best accomplished by regarding ascertained fitness in the selection of government employes. These considerations alone are sufficient justification for an honest adherence to the letter and spirit of civil service reform. There are, however, other features of this plan which abundantly commend it. Through its operation worthy merit in every station and condition of American life is recognized in the distribution of public employment, while its application tends to raise the standard of political activity from spoils hunting and unthinking party imitation to the advocacy of party principles by reason and argument.

The American people are generous and grateful and they have impressed these characteristics upon their government. Therefore all patriotic and just citizens must commend liberal consideration for our worthy veteran soldiers and for the widows of those who have died. No complaint should be made of the amount of public money paid to those actually disabled or made dependent by reason of army service. But our pension roll should be a roll of honor, uncontaminated by ill desert and unvitiated by demagogic use. This is due to those whose worthy names adorn the roll and is due to a people who delight to honor the brave and the true. It is also due that those in years to come should hear reverently and lovingly the story of American patriotism and fortitude illustrated by our pension roll. The preferences accorded to veteran soldiers in public employment should be secured to them honestly and without evasion and when capable and worthy, their claim to the helpful regard and gratitude of their countrymen should be ungrudgingly acknowledged.

He then speaks of free education, the Nicaragua canal, the world's fair and continues:

The insurance of the people of the utmost individual liberty consistent with peace and good order is a cardinal principle of our government. This gives no sanction to vexatious sumptuary laws which are necessarily such habits and customs of our people as are not offensive to a just moral sense and which do not impair good citizenship and the public welfare. The same principle requires that the line between the subjects which are properly within governmental control and those which are more fittingly left to parental regulation should be carefully kept in view. An enforced education, wisely deemed from many considerations to be necessary, should not involve impairment of the home parental authority, nor do violence to the household conscience.

Our people, still cherishing the feeling of human fellowship, which belongs to us as a nation, require their government to express for them their sympathy with all those who are oppressed under any rule less free than ours. A generous hospitality, which is one of its most prominent of our characteristics, prompts us to welcome the worthy and industrious of all lands to homes and citizenship among us. This hospitable sentiment is not violated; however, by careful and reasonable regulations for the protection of the public health, nor does it justify the reception of immigrants who have no appreciation of our institutions, and whose presence among us is a menace to peace and good order.

In ample form and complete manner I have thus endeavored to state some of the things which accord with the creed and intentions of the party to which I have given my life-long allegiance. My attempt has not been to instruct my countrymen or my party, but to remind both that democratic doctrine lies near the principles of our government and tends to promote the people's good. I am willing to be accused of addressing my countrymen upon trite topics and in homely fashion for I believe that important truths are found on the surface of thought and that they should be stated in direct and simple terms. Though much is left unwritten, my record as a public servant leaves no excuse for misunderstanding my belief and opinions on the questions which are now presented to the voters of the land for their decision. Called for the third time to represent the party of my choice in a contest for the supremacy of democratic principles my grateful appreciation of its confidence, less than ever effaces the solemn sense of my responsibility. If the action of the convention you represent shall be endorsed by the suffrages of my countrymen I will assume the duties of the great office for which I have been nominated, knowing full well its labors and perplexities and with humble reliance upon the Divine Being, infinite in power to aid and constant in a watchful care over a nation favored nation.

Yours very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Gray Gables, Sept. 26, 1892.

Written for THE SENTINEL.

WHOLE HAVE BEEN?

BY PETER RUDOLPH PICKEL.

Could you tell me of a country that needs an overseer?
Don't they want a Shah in Persia, or a Pashaw in Turkey?
Don't the Chinese want a brand new Joss on which to try their wiles?
Don't they want a judge of onions in the warm Bermuda isles?

We have a man well versed in a small consideration,
That he can take with him a lot of libration:
Once a lawyer in Indiana, a senator after that,
Now's he's trying to fill two places—the chair and Presidency hat.

This man will soon be out of work, at least so fates portend;
And while I cannot furnish him the signs of the times,
Sought any country want him, these words I take to pen.
For they can be used in a "pace" as I say, "Knights have Pegs."

PORT RICHMOND, N. Y., Sept. 26 1892.

LIGHT COINS IN THE SCALES.

How They Are Detected by Means of Electricity.

There is not a little spice of humor in the way in which both sharpers and those whose business it is to circumvent them have recourse to electrical methods for the detecting of their ends. A large consignment of gold eagles was sent to a New York bank from California which, on examination, was found to contain twenty lightweight coins bearing the date of 1891. These were apparently new and bright, but they were lighter than the coins passed into the electric light-coin detector. On being examined with a less their surfaces were found to be covered with infinitesimal pores.

About one dollar's worth of gold had been extracted from each eagle by electrolysis, which is a process now in high favor among professional coin "sweaters," of whom the American Chinaman has the reputation of being by far the most adroit and diligent. In the coin detector the coins are dropped in succession from the balance pan on to a knife edge, and according as this knife edge is of the right or wrong size its range or the left hand limit the coin, when pushed on it, tilts off to the "right" channel or the "full weight" channel, as the case may be.

The right or left position of this shifting knife edge is determined by an electric contact made by the balance beam, and thus an electro-magnet is brought into action. The coins run through the machine at the rate of about sixty per minute, by the turning of a handle.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Children's Clothes.

Most young mothers make the great mistake of keeping their children too warmly dressed, especially in summer. Of course, during cool days and evenings, on account of sudden changes, and a nurse should invariably carry with her a fluffy knit jacket; but, as a rule, infants and young children are kept by too lightly clad in the dog-days. One sensible mother who has a great, lusty, growing baby of eight or ten months, makes a practice of loosing the little fellow daily half-naked on a big hair mattress for an hour or more; and it is delightful to see how he enjoys himself. It is not generally remembered that the pores are the baby's breathing places, and that by covering them all up the lungsfail of the help they are not properly carried off. Let the little ones have bare legs and bare arms during warm weather, wool socks and a low-necked merino shirt as a sufficient protection, and by accustoming the child to the air he is made much hardier and less susceptible to changes when winter arrives.—N. Y. Tribune.

—The Gospel is a pharmacopoeia which contains a remedy for every human ill. "The plaster," says Matthew Henry, "is as wide as the wound."

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and Ballard has one million people who have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Medicine, do so, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Drier & Bro.'s drug store. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that the following has been existing Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity entirely on their merits. Drier & Bro., druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fevers, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Drier & Bro.

New Mexico is enjoying the first rainy season it has had for four years.

U. S. MARSHALS AT THE POLLS.

A Horde of Useless Officials Forced Upon the People.

The Republicans claim that they would not avail themselves of the provisions of the force bill in the northern states if one were enacted; that the bill which passed the billion dollar congress was of a national character, because no force bill could be constitutional unless made to apply to every state of the union, and that it was only intended to be enforced in the southern states.

But no one can be so blind as to believe that if the force bill once becomes a law, it would not be enforced in Indiana. Have we not an example of what the Republicans have done heretofore in this state with the law authorizing the appointment of the United States marshal and supervisors for use at the polls? Have not the Republicans availed themselves of every federal election law, even in counties where there was not a Democratic officer? What use for supervising this year with the United States marshals and supervisors law?

Already twenty-five counties have applied for United States supervisors, and the Republican managers boast that in other counties will be heard from inside of two weeks. Who applied for these supervisors? The applications are on file with United States Commissioner Van Buren, of Indianapolis, and they show that they are signed by postmasters, Republican committeemen and boodlers. These men "fear" they can not have an honest election in their counties without the assistance of federal officers at the polls.

So far, applications have been made for United States supervisors in the counties of Marion, Henry, Vermillion, Union, Randolph, Floyd, Fulton, Lawrence, Brown, Warren, Kosciusko, Montgomery, Jay, Clay, Delaware, Lake, Grant, Bartholomew, Hamilton, Clark, Knox, Wells and Benton.

Is it possible that the Republican election officers require Republican United States supervisors to see that a fair count is made? Take for example the counties of Henry, Randolph, Warren, Kosciusko, Delaware, Hamilton, Benton, Lawrence, Vermillion, Union, Grant, where all the inspectors of the elections are Republicans. Counties where the election returning board is unanimously Republican. Can no honest election be held, an honest count made in those counties without the interference of the United States marshals and supervisors? In the Democratic county of Brown, United States supervisors have been provided for. Is there an honest Republican in Brown who really believes that the election officers of his county are corrupt?

These supervisors are appointed ostensibly for the purpose of seeing that an honest election is held. But the real object is for the purpose of intimidating voters and to provide places for Republican politicians.

The law provides that there shall be two supervisors in each precinct when applied for by the county. One is to be a Democrat, and the other a Republican. Heretofore, the Democrats have refused to designate persons for appointment as supervisor, and Commissioner Van Buren has availed himself of the law to fill vacancies with Democrats of his own choosing, very often, alleged Democrats. And so will do the same during this year, it is the opinion of leading Democrats that in as much as they can not avoid representations of the board, they might as well see to it, that genuine and honest Democrats are appointed as supervisors.

The cost of this service is enormous, and when taken in the country at large, it foots into millions of dollars. These supervisors serve two days, and are allowed $5 a day when there are funds in the treasury available. There are over 9,000 election precincts in the state, which at $20 for each precinct, would make over $60,000. But this is not all the expenses connected with this service. Each supervisor is supplied with a blank book which costs the government at least fifty cents each. The expense of printing the bills, the supervisors accounts are also large, and Mr. Van Buren, who is ex-officio supervisor, is paid a commission for appointing the supervisors. At the last election he put in a claim of $6,000 for his services. It appears that were not asked for in all the counties of the state, as they will be in the coming election.

This is only one part of the federal law now in existence; in addition to United States supervisors, a small army number of the United States deputy marshals can be appointed for a precinct. And the Republicans are already selecting men for these places. Unlike the law providing for supervisors, the deputy marshals are not required to be equal in number between the two political parties. When the honest voter goes to the poll next November, in the precinct of the large cities, especially, he will have to run through the gauntlet of United States deputy marshals, in some cases thugs and professional healers selected for the purpose of intimidating the timid voter. Already the Republicans of Indianapolis have prepared a list of men to serve as deputy marshals to be used at the polls, composed largely of negro toughs, who will get $5 a day for "protecting" the ballot.

Oh, no! The Republicans would not apply the force bill in Indiana if they had the chance.

THE TIN PLATE SUPERSTITION.

Congressman Bowling Examines the President's Statistics.

President Harrison in his letter of acceptance reiterates the exploded arguments of his party in defense of the tin plate industry; so-called, which was born under the midwifery of his administration.

"Once or twice," says Mr. Harrison, "in our history the production of tin plates had been attempted, and the price obtained by the Welsh manufacturer have enabled our makers to produce it at a profit. But the Welsh makers at once cut prices to a point that broke the American beginners out of business, and when this was accomplished again made their own prices." Mr. Harrison is inexcusable in thus revamping this logic of Cronemeyer after it had been so thoroughly disposed of in congressional debates and had come to be so thoroughly discredited by the people.

The falsity of the price of imported tin plates for the past twenty-five years has been gauged strictly by the world's market price of iron and pig tin, which ingredients constitute the entire bulk of tin plates and 90 per cent. of their cost. Market reports show that in 1872 pig tin was quoted at £159 per ton. They dropped to £52 in 1878. Philadelphia pig iron in 1872 was $38 per ton, and dropped to $16.50 per ton in 1878. The corresponding prices of tin plates were 20s. per box in 1872 and 12s. 1-2d. in 1878, a less per centage decline than noted in the case of either iron or pigtin.

Yet this is the very period which, as the parties of high bounties assert, the Welsh manufacturers were making their profits in selling at 12s. 1-2d. in 1878 than they were in selling for 20s. in 1872, owing to the difference in the price of raw material.

In 1890 there was an advance in the price of plates on the very account of the enhanced cost of pig tin and iron. Pig iron had advanced to £11 in February, 1890, while pig tin had advanced to £165 per ton. This increase in the raw material sent up the price of tin plates about 25s.

Since 1883 the price of tin plates has gradually declined, until the increased duty was secured in July, 1890, when there was an advance of nearly $1 a box, caused by the rush of American buyers. If it is the policy of the Welsh makers to put down prices whenever there was an attempt on the part of Americans to enter the business, why did they not lower the price during the first six months of 1891, when, if newspaper reports could be believed, tin plate mills were starting up by the hundreds? Yet it was during this very period, owing to a speculative movement for plates, that the price was run up over $4 per box.

If Mr. Harrison were a plain business man, would he permit that the fluctuations in tin plates for the two periods mentioned above, and to which he refers in his letter of acceptance, to mean that the direct result of fluctuations in the raw material of which they were made?

It lacks only a few days of five years since the McKinley law was enacted. The reports quoted by Mr. Harrison show that 16,606,129 pounds of tin and terne plates have been produced. Of this amount 9,107,129 pounds were simply rolled iron that had a mixture of lead and tin in the coating. During this time the American consumption of tin plates has amounted to 1,300,000,000 pounds. The only thing to be credited against this enormous expenditure in the longer period mentioned by Mr. Harrison is the 16,616,719 pounds, which at twelve cents per box, the duty on which would amount to $16,376.01 less than sixty cents received to every $130 paid out.

Is it possible that the American mind of a business corporation not backed by a government bounty and organized under the representation that the success of the industry would be self-supporting in less than nine months, felicitate himself in contributing to the support of an industry of which he is the responsible head and cost the company $25,000,000, and that the product was a loss account of $16,374,01; in other words, that the concern had paid out $100 for every sixty cents received in compensatory.—E. L. Dunting in The National Professor.

Characteristics of Hood's Sarsaparilla: The largest sale, the most merit and the greatest cures. Try it, and realize its benefits.

Two-fifths of the companies started annually in England are said to fail.

KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES—Warranted.

A Thoughtful Person

Consults his best interests by having a box of KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES at hand; taken as directed will prevent or stop any attack of headache, no matter what the cause—in fact if your skull was cracked it would prevent pain. Price, fifty cents per box. Sold by druggists, and by taking the capsules at the approach of a headache, you will never have another.

For sale by Drier & Bro.

OMAHA, Neb., May 5, 1891.

To whom it May Concern:

I have had great success with neuralgic headache, and KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES is the only remedy that has done me any good. Would recommend them to all similarly afflicted.

CHAS. PASSOT.

716 N. 16th Street

A MAGNIFICENT PRIZE CONTEST.

In what year was the famous old "Liberty Bell" first rung in Philadelphia?

The Home Journal will give as an elegant Chickering parlor-toned, upright piano to the first person sending the above question correctly; two first-class round-trip railroad tickets to Chicago and return and admission tickets for the World's Fair grounds to attendants at the Exhibition October 21, 1892, for each of next two correct answers; a gold decoration China dinner set for the fourth correct answer.

An additional special prize, a beautiful pair of gold and pearl opera glasses, will be given for the first correct answer from each state, territory, province or country, and a handsome two-cent stamps for 4 mos. subscription to *The Home Journal*, the illustrated family paper containing particulars of our gigantic competition for a free trip to California or Florida. The object of offering these prizes is to increase the circulation of this excellent family paper. Send to-day and you may secure a valuable prize. Answers to be received by October number. Write plainly name, postoffice, express office, county and state. Address *The Home Journal*, Suite 601, Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY.

We do not believe in nonsenseship a thrilling and wide-awake to use an advertisement of patent medicine we do not, but are prepared to say that Hall's Brunswick Pills have proved the people of Indianapolis, Marion county and the state at large, to be the best remedy for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Malaria, Chills and Fever, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver, stomach or bowels. Ask your druggist for them. Price 25 cents per box. Prepared by E. HILL, Proprietor, Portland, Me. July 12-eod-2m.

The smallest Pill in the World!

Tutt's Tiny Pills

SAVES MONEY.

One vial of these pills will save many dollars to doctor's bills. They are easy to take—no nauseating dose. Purge, and regulate a weak long felt. Invigorate the assimilative functions. Bring from the body without sickness or pain all impurities. Sold everywhere. Price, 25c., Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

USE TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Produces Whiskers on a smooth face. Acts like magic. Has the largest sale of any in the world. Gives a Natural Color. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

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CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion,

Without injurious medication.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep 'Castoria' within easy reach."

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All Chronic Diseases and Deformities successfully treated such as diseases of the Brain, Heart, Lungs, Throat, Eye and Ear, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys (Bright's Disease), Bladder, Rectum, Female Diseases, Impotency, Gleet, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Diseases, Catarrh, Rupture, Piles, Stricture, Diabetes, Etc., Etc.

CONSUMPTION and CATARRH CAN BE CURED.

Cancers and All Tumors Cured Without Pain or Use of the Knife.

As God has prepared an antidote for the sin-sick soul, so has He prepared antidotes for a diseased sick body. These can be found at

Dr. Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute.

After an examination we will tell you just what we can do for you. If we cannot benefit or cure you, we will frankly and honestly tell you so. Patients can be treated successfully at a distance. Write for examination and question blanks.

Two Cars and Carriages direct to the Institute.

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Schmitz Block, 120 Calhoun st., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

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Strictly Pure White Lead is the Best Paint.

Care is necessary though, to obtain strictly pure, as the market is flooded with so-called Pure White Leads that in reality contain but very little white lead.

The following analyses of two of these misleading brands show the exact proportion of genuine white lead they contain. The analyses describe the labels and brands on the packages and give the contents as follows:

"English. The Royal Manufacturing Co. Ground for in linseed oil. Any person or persons found imitating this brand or label will be subject to a fine of $50 for each offence. White Lead."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
Barytes	48.31 per cent.	
Oxide of Zinc	36.11 per cent.	Ledoux & Co.
White Lead	15.58 per cent.	New York.

"Manufacturers' Warranted White Lead. This label, attached to Keystone White Lead, injures; John W. Masury & Son, New York and Chicago, warranted superior."

Materials	Proportions	Analyzed by
Oxide of Zinc	55.70 per cent.	Ledoux & Co.
Barytes	44.30 per cent.	New York.

We have a book which gives the analyses of eighty different misleading brands. If you are going to paint it will pay you to send for it.

It will only cost a postal card to get it, it may save you many a dollar.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
Cincinnati Branch,
CINCINNATI, OHIO

WANTED

WANTED—Good dining room girl. 85 East Wayne street. 10-1f

WANTED—To rent horse and buggy for 30 days. 1 will pay cash. 10-1f

WANTED—A good cook. Inquire at April & Lemon Hotel. 107 East Columbia st. 27-2t

WANTED—A steady, sober man to collect and canvass. Good salary. Call at 1 p. m. at 82 strong, right. 27 Fraley Block, Berry St. 27-1f

WANTED—Situation as nurse with ladies in confinement. Can refer to well known families in Chicago and Pittsburg. Address Mrs. C. Moffett.

WANTED—Oil-stor and solicitor must be well at yours old with good references. Steady job and big pay. Apply at once at 81 Calhoun st., between 8 and 10 a. m. or 4 and 9 p. m. 26-3t

WANTED—Boarding partner wherever family lies who would like to give a home to one of two young men of unexceptionable character. Good location and reasonable terms. Address "Partner," care of this paper. 26-1f

MAN Wanted. Salary and expenses. Permanent position. Address, quick, stating age. Reference. Enclose stamp. Hardy variety nursery, Chicago. 10 17 ss 10-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At the Arcade, Union Depot, a number of rooms and boarders. 10-1f

FOR SALE—Safe, with all new fixtures and a first-class down-town location. Address, O. B. Swallow office.

FOR SALE—The brick residence, south-east corner Berry and Union streets. All modern conveniences. Apply to C. E. Rhoads & Sattman & 4th Bank. 27-4f

FOR SALE—Fat horses and lots, drawing a good trot, also one fine driving horse, a fair buggy or harness. These are bargains. For further information call at Dr. Stewart's office, No. 29 Clinton street.

FOR SALE—Gentle driving horse; safe for a lady or child to drive; weighs about 1,000 lbs; is in good repair; good set single harness, all in good order. This horse is a bargain and will be sold now to use for them. Call at 207 Maumee street.

HOMES FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS. If Parties will do well to call on me and look over my list of houses for sale. I have just the suit purchaser on any of my vacant lots in different parts of the city. Have houses to rent. No. 441 Broadway, with five rooms on second floor. No. 4 Lake Place, with seven rooms, with corner store, suitable for five rooms and upstairs. Call at office, 68 Clinton street.
C. HOSMER, 10 and 11 Fraley & Long Block

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—One or two furnished rooms in centrally located. Inquire at 84 superior street.

FOR RENT—Two houses a pleasantly located in South st. Nearly gas. Inquire of A. H. Hufford, 72 Grand st. 10-1f

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, suitable for single gentleman; best of references given. Apply at 100 East Washington st. 21-1f

FOR RENT—Cheap, 14 new houses; 4 medium size three rooms in front, 10 rooms in rear; all modern improvements; bath room, grates, gas, hot and cold water, closets and tax 8 state. Inquire at 49 Harmer street, corner Lake. 9-2t

LOST.

LOST—On west Jefferson st., Sunday between 1 Hamilton and 1 Ist ave., a diamond garnet breastpin. Finder will be rewarded with $5 by leaving it at 68 West Jefferson street and receive reward.

PROFESSIONAL

DOCTOR HARRY WIRTZ,
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Office and residence, 18 Harmer street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours from 8 a. m to 9 p. m. from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m.

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

DO YOU KNOW—That the cheapest place to borrow money on real estate is the Home Building, Loan Fund and Savings Association, which meets at hall of City Council, W. Main st., on first Saturday each month? Shares are $200 each; par value $5.00 to $10.00 in terms of $100 and upwards, on first mortgage. Any real estate security can come to anyone another a member to the association of course. When borrowers repay the loan in monthly installments.
C. HEYLER, Treasurer. C. A. CARNAHAN, President.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

ARRIVED—Prof. Luco and wife, Gypsy Zora, the celebrated palm and planet readers and life diagrams, reveal your happiness or misery, also clairvoyantly your future marriageably profit or loss. 24 West Wayne street. Parlors open day and evening. sept 1s-1mo

THOUSANDS visit Lakeside every pleasant Sunday to rest in the wonderful medicated air of that pretty suburb. No registry are the new and handsomely cottages for sale. The most delightful week makes a great difference in the appearance of your face. Take the Wabash suburban line to Sixteen and a half a month or two in Lakeside in cool, pure air. Fare 5 cents. Secretary always on the ground.

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...6o and 75c for Dress Goods when you can just as easily get them for

+—38c.—+

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The variety so extensive we will not ...empt a description. We bought

FOR SPOT CASH !

A LUCKY PURCHASE !

You'll be Benefitted !

IT'S YOUR SAVING !

THE PRICE ON THIS GRAND LINE,

38 Cents.

DON'T MISS!

...THE NEW YORK STORE.

The stockholders of the Fort Wayne ...edical college have leased the old ...aylor university building and will co- ...perate that place for the present until ...ey can enlarge the McCulloch home- ...ead. The stockholders of this college ...e the Drs. C. B., G. C. and G. B. ...iemen, Buchman, Gross, Wheelock, ...cCaskey, Barnett and Porter.

The Peowinx lodge held their regular ...eekly meeting last night at Randall ...all.

The Eighth Ward People's Party club met at Krohne's hall last evening and elected the following officers: President, George Rhein; vice-president, W. T. Roebuck; secretary, Al. Barbier; treasurer, R. Thompson. A committee was appointed to secure a hall for regular meetings.

Mrs. B. Plock, wife of Fireman Plock, of the Pittsburg, returned today from a three weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Decatur.

The Better View You Get!

Of our immense stock of Clothing, the more you will be convinced of our ability of meeting your wants.

Our Line of Business Suits

Are designed to meet the views of all sorts, sizes and conditions. Single or Double Breasted Sack Suits, Cutaway Suits or Chesterfield that are neat in texture, attractive in design and substantial in contraction.

+ FALL + UNDERWEAR +

Our lines are now complete and we are ready to supply you with any grade of Winter Weight Underwear, from the cheapest grades to the finest imported and extreme novelties.

SILK HATS!

We are still selling the best Silk Hat in the city at

$2.50.

You can't beat this at $4.00 in any other house in Fort Wayne.

Sam, Pete & Max.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1892.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Forecast until 8 p. m. Wednesday. For Indiana—Fair; warmer; south to west winds.

Our Thermometer.

THE SENTINEL thermometer, in the shade, registered today as follows:

8 a. m.	59°
10 a. m.	68°
12 m.	64°
2 p. m.	70°

FRESH LOCAL LINES.

R. T. McDonald left for Chicago today on business.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Videmeyer, of Warsaw street—a boy.

Mrs. Richard Ellison, wife of the engineer at the Globe Mills, is very sick.

Mrs. George H. Loesch, wife of the druggist, has returned from Bay View, Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Irey Barclay have removed into their new house on East Lewis street.

J. F. W. Meyers, the druggist, has returned from his European tour and is now in New York city.

Miss Susie Thompson, of South Wayne, will leave soon for Louisville, Ky., to reside during the winter.

Miss Clara Lordier, of 37 Baker street, is entertaining as her guest her cousin, Miss Mary McCauliffe, of Valparaiso.

Superintendent Kohler, of the Fort Wayne Furniture works, attended the funeral of the mother of P. A. Randall, at Avilla, yesterday.

The Walton avenue M. E. church will give a social and festival at Wallen Thursday evening and extend an invitation for everybody to attend.

Gottlieb Hitzemann, jr., clerk at Chas. H. Buck's grocery, has resigned and accepted a position as bookkeeper for the H. Butke & Co. commission house.

Mrs. Charles McGrady, of Peru, while en route to New York city, was the guest over Sunday of the family of James H. McEvay, train dispatcher of the Grand Rapids.

Last night the Rev. Matthews, John Morris, jr., Robert Hanna and Edward Woodworth drove to Arcola, where the two former gentlemen addressed a number of republicans.

Mr. and Mrs. Hollandsworth, of Canton, Ill., who were recently married and are now on their bridal tour, are the guests of Mrs. Hollandsworth's grandmother, Mrs. N. Leykauf.

The Fort Wayne Match Box company has been organized in this city, with H. H. Barens and I. H. Case as its chief promoters. The company will manufacture an ingenious match box.

Mrs. John K. Skelley and children and Mrs. Joseph A. Skelley, of McKeesport, Penn., leave tomorrow for their home after a month's visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Kane.

Yesterday noon the thirteen-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dowey, of Pine street, fell from a shed and dislocated her right arm. The child was taken into the house and Dr. Enslen sent for, who, upon his arrival, bandaged it up.

Trustee Muller, of Cedar Creek township, who was so badly injured a few weeks ago by a fall from a tree, is now improving and his friends have hopes of his recovery. Mr. Muller's father, who is now at St. Joseph's hospital, is in a critical condition and no hopes of his recovery are entertained.

The ladies composing the various committees for the Kirmess met last evening in the office of Dr. Mungen for the purpose of comparing notes and discussing the coming great event. Arrangements for the Kirmess are progressing satisfactorily and it now promises to outshine any provious event of its kind.

Early yesterday morning a coaching party left this city and drove out in to the country near our suburban town, Williamsport, where the day was very enjoyably spent with Miss Bertha Fellenwood, formerly of this city. There was no doubt as to the hostess being a lovely entertainer and in consequence all were hugely delighted with the day. The young ladies in the party were the Misses Hattie and Clara Wilson, Ella and Carrie Kuntz and Roma Long.

A very happy private wedding took place at the parsonage of Wayne street M. E. church Tuesday, Sept. 20, Rev. G. N. Eldridge officiating. The bride, Miss Ella Romine, is an estimable young lady and a foster-sister of Mrs. G. N. Eldridge. The groom, Edward J. Cooper, is a young man of industry and integrity from Urbana, Ill., and is to be congratulated on his choice of a helpmate. The happy couple left on the evening train for a beautiful home and many kind friends awaiting them.

Mrs. Calvin Woodring, of Muncie, claims to have been relieved of consumption by the faith cure. Two weeks ago, while she was bedridden, her physician informed her that death was near. Mrs. Woodring is a devoted Christian, and thereupon she called in several of her Christian friends, and arranged for service of prayer. She ceased taking medicine and within a few days she was so much recovered that she was able to arise and look after her housework. Her convalescence is continuing.

Last night Miss Mary Russell was very agreeably surprised at her home by a party of friends, who had been invited to assist in the entertainment by the Misses Clara Rauner and Amelia Stoll. The evening was delightfully spent in music and various games until a late hour, when a lap supper was served. Those present were the Misses Hanah Bitler, Minnie Beck, Mary Bush, Nellie Lindeman, Emma Rupple, Sophia Telis, Lizzie Schoer, Lizzie and Frances Bott, Minnie Rempke, May Russell, Nannie Craft, Louise Wreiter, Annie Russell, Lulu Zimmerman, Clara Trautman, Grace and Clara Malone.

Governor Ira J. Chase stopped at the Randall last night.

S. L. Kapp, of Bluffton, is in the city a guest of the Rich.

The Columbia express, due here at 10:45, was two hours and fifty minutes late today.

E. Rich, the proprietor of the Rich meat market, is confined to his residence with illness.

The Fort Wayne foot ball team held a meeting at the club rooms of the Fort Wayne Bicycle club last night.

An official meeting at Wayne Street M. E. church this evening at 7 o'clock. All members requested to be present.

Tomorrow night Miss Reiling, of 70 Pearl street, will be married to Charles Houser, the popular Nickel Plate engineer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Younge, who have been visiting Mrs. Siver on East Washington street, for a week, returned today to their home at Plymouth.

The new asphalt sidewalk in front of the Fort Wayne club was commenced this morning. The work is being done by the Fort Wayne Asphalt and Paving company.

Miss Annie Bothner, the pleasant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Bothner, is celebrating her nineteenth birthday today and will entertain friends this evening at her home.

Henry Schele, the garbage master, says that those persons who desire to make complaint, in writing him, should do so over their own name. No attention will be paid to anonymous communications.

Last night the McKinley club met at the residence of Clyde Bookwalter, and Rot Glen was chosen president upon the resignation of Fred Gumpper. The club decided upon a uniform, which will consist of tin hats, tin canes and linen dusters.

A party consisting of Frank Campten, Peter E. McGuire, Edward Lensfesty and Joe E. Farnin left this afternoon for Blue lake on a fishing expedition. The boys will be absent two weeks. Before returning home they will visit Romo City and spend Sunday with their best girls in Kendallville.

Under the auspices of the Star Entertainment course of the city department of the Y. M. C. A., J. DeWitt Miller will lecture at the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening. Mr. Miller is pleasing in address, instructive in speech and entertaining in discourse. His subject tonight is "Our Country's Possibilities and Perils."

At the residence of Mr. M. Cramer, on West DeWald street, Miss Lottie Cramer gave a very pleasant party last evening in honor of the Misses. C. A. Hilleary, B. Reed and L. Thomason, of Lima, and C. L. Ball, of Chicago. The evening was spent in a very pleasant manner, during which refreshments were served.

"A Railroad Ticket" will be the attraction at the Temple this evening. This is one of the most amusing plays on the road and the fun loving portion of our citizens should be out en mass. The scenery is superb, and is by no means an insignificant feature of the show. There are twenty people with the troupe, and each one is an artist in his or her particular line.

This morning, at 9 o'clock, Miss Ellis, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harnett, of South Calhoun street, was united in marriage to Mr. J. H. Sullivan, engineer on the elevated railroad at Chicago. The ceremony was performed at St. Patrick's Catholic church. The contracting parties are both very popular, Mr. Sullivan having been formerly an engineer on the Nickel Plate. The bride and groom left immediately after the marriage for Chicago, which place they will make their home.

Anderson had three prize fights in one night. First came Mark Ryan and Arthur Fifer, lightweights, and Fifer was knocked out in six rounds, Ryan escaping with scarcely a scratch. Charles Ethel and Lewis Fadley, two lightweights, then confronted each other in the fistic circle, and after half an hour give and take Fadley pushed Ethel over and Charles lay upon the ground and smiled while the referee counted him out. The festivities were rounded up with a heavyweight contest between John Skehan and James Rice, colored, and the last named was knocked out in four rounds. The authorities did not interfere.

Last Saturday a party of ladies bent wholly on pleasure and recreation drove to the Devil's Gulch, a locality noted for its fine natural scenery, about eleven miles from this city on the Huntington road. After a jaunt among the rocks and trees, they partook of lunch, which suffered terribly. Five chickens and other appetizing viands in equal proportions disappeared as if by magic. Another sally was then made in quest of sights and souvenirs, and about 5 o'clock, all being tired, the journey homeward was commenced. The party consisted of Misses Georgia and Etta Wadge, accompanied by their mother and their aunt; Mrs. J. C. Peltier and daughter Laura; Mrs. E. McKean, Misses Anna and Sarah McKean and Atlie Scott.

THE SENTINEL has already spoken of the death of Melvin Moudy, the son of Martin Moudy, the proprietor of the grist mill in Cedar Creek township. He was killed by lightning while out in a field drilling wheat. A friend has this to say about the young man: "He was aged twenty-six years, nine months and twenty-five days. He was an upright, industrious young man and highly esteemed by all who knew him. He leaves a young wife and infant daughter, a loving father and mother and three sisters to mourn his sudden departure from earth. He was a good husband and father, a loving son, kind brother and had many friends. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Fred, in Spencerville, to a large concourse of friends. The pall bearers were David Vanzile, Frank Vanzile, Torance Hursh, Gilbert McNalb, Frank Shambaugh and Frank Henderson, the members of the Urbana band, of which Mr. Moudy belonged."

A. D. Talbot, of Lagrange, was in the city yesterday.

Druggist Reverdorfden is moving into his fine new residence on East Dewald street today.

Miss Frances Ruthsbeyer, of Huff man street, left yesterday for Chicago to visit friends.

Last night the Tippecanoes were drilled at the Morton hall by Clifford Morganthaler, owing to the absence of Captain Joss.

Miss Mary Christie, one of the teachers at the Harmer school, was obliged to suspend school duties yesterday on account of sudden illness.

Mrs. J. C. Matsch and daughter, Emma, of Creighton avenue, left today for Kendallville to visit relatives and attend the Kendallville fair.

Mrs. Mary Gable and daughter, Mrs. Will Plumadore, of Madison street, will leave this evening for Little Rock, Ark., to visit a month with Mrs. Gable's son.

Last night a freight wreck occurred on the Pittsburg, a short distance east of Pittsburg, the cause and particulars of which we are unable to learn at this writing. All the passenger and freight trains bound westward are from two to three hours late, the delay being occasioned by the wreck.

Last night at 11 o'clock Joseph Smith, died at his home in Hesse Castle of consumption. The deceased was forty-four years old and leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his death. He was the son of John Smith, an old resident of that place. The funeral will be held Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from the Catholic church.

THE MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Closing at 1:15 p. m.—

Wheat, Sept., 74½; Oct., 74¾; May, 83½.

Corn, Sept., 46½; Oct., 46½; May, 49½.

Oats, Sept., 32½; Oct., 32½; May, 36½.

Pork, Sept., $10.62½; Oct., $10.62½; Jan., $12.10.

Lard, Sept., $7.85; Oct., $7.85; Jan., $6.87½.

Ribs, Sept., $9.75; Oct., $9.75; Jan., $6.27½.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Sept. 27.—Cattle receipts, 10,000.

Hogs, receipts, 15,000; strong, 5c higher. Heavy, $5.20@5.55; mixed and medium, $5.25@5.37½; light, $5.00@5.55.

Sheep, receipts, 7,000; steady.

TOLEDO, Sept. 27.—Close—Wheat, cash 75½c; Oct. 75½c; Dec. 78½c; May, 83½c. Corn, cash, 46½c; Oct., 46½c.

Oats, nominal.

Cloverseed, cash and Nov., $6.32½; Jan., $6.50.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Close.—Wheat; No. 2 red winter, 79½c cash; Oct., 79½; Dec., 83c; May, 88½c.

Corn, No. 2 mixed, 54½c cash and Dec.; Oct., 53½; Nov., 54½.

Oats, No. 2 mixed, 37c cash and Sept.

Rye, nominal; 64@65c for car lots.

Barley, neglected.

Sugar, refined, steady; cut loaf and crushed, 5 5-16@5½; granulated, 5@5 3-16; powdered, 5¼@5 5-16; mould A, 5@5 3-16c.

Coffee, spot lots, dull but steady; Rio, No. 7, 15½@15¾c.

Pork, dull but firm; old mess, $11.00@11.25.

Lard, steady; Oct., $8.13; Nov., $7.23.

Butter, dull and heavy; state seconds to extra, 21c@25c; western extras, 25@25½c.

Cheese, dull but weak; state factory, full cream, fancy white, 10@10½c.

Eggs, lower; new laid choice, 22½@23c; seconds, 21½@21½c.

Remnant Day at Louis Wolf & Co.

Best print remnants at 4c per yard at Louis Wolf & Co.'s tomorrow.

Our regular 7c cotton flannel for 5c per yard tomorrow at Louis Wolf & Co.'s

Our cloak department is full of hand some garments at prices to suit one and all. Louis Wolf & Co.

This weather makes us think that we want a change of underwear. Let me say that this department is complete without exception, so we can fit any man, woman or child with any kind or priced underwear that you may wish.

Louis Wolf & Co.

For tomorrow 50c Jamestown dress goods at 35c; 40c and 45c Jamestown dress goods at 39c. Just the thing for children school dresses Louis Wolf & Co.

Bargains in every department at Louis Wolf & Co.'s tomorrow.

New Smoked Halibut from Gloucester.

Choice Smoked Halibut, 15c lb.

Russian Sardines, 7½c kegs.

Scotch and Holland Herring, $1.00 keg.

Extra New Mess Mackerel, 18c lb.

Georgia Prepared Codfish, 6c and 8c lb.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Headquarters for Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Furs.
eod 3t THE BOSTON STORE.

We use 400,000,000 postal cards annually.

You can buy gold wall paper tomorrow for 3 cents a roll at L. O. Hull's, 90 Calhoun street.

The Great St. Louis Fair.

The Wabash will sell round trip excursion tickets October 2, 3, 4, good returning until October 8, at greatly reduced rates. Go and see the greatest Fair and Exposition in the United States.
27-7t

New York Quinces.

Choice Quinces, 50c peck or 8c Wooden Quart.

Concord Grapes, 30c basket.

White Grapes, 25c basket.

Michigan Peaches, 20c basket.

Best Lemons, 25c dozen.

Cape Cod Cranberries, 10c quart.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Our electric industries represent $500,000,000.

Mrs. F. C. Spiegel, 106 Broadway, has returned from Chicago with a complete line of Pattern hats and bonnets and is now ready to show them.

Don't fail to attend the gymnastic entertainment and ball to be given by the Fort Wayne Turnverein Tuesday evening, Sept. 27th.

MONROEVILLE.

An Interesting Budget of News From That Town.

Philip Krick, of Van Wert, spent Sunday in this city.

George Jump and Editor Mitchell spent a few hours here Saturday, while on their way to Pleasant Grove, where they addressed a labor gathering in the evening.

Henry Krick and wife, Joseph McIntosh and bride, Emanuel Friedline and John Brown attended the G. A. R. encampment at Washington, D. C.

The Catholic Benevolent Legion will take charge of the Columbus day demonstration to take place here on the evening of October 21. All fraternal societies and churches here will be invited to take part in the grand parade. The Monroeville band will lead the procession, and James M. Robinson will be the orator of the day.

Last Thursday evening some forty couples gathered at the beautiful farm residence of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Marquardt, to do respect by way of a surprise, occasioned by the thirtieth birthday of their son, Jacob, and the twentieth birthday of their daughter, Miss Lizzie. A splendid luncheon was served on the shady lawn and the young folks made merry the hours as they passed along.

A. M. E. D. Shaussey put in operation his improved hydraulic cider press last week. Although apples are scarce in this section, Mr. Shaussey reports that twenty-five loads were manufactured into cider at his place last Thursday. He has one of the finest presses in the state.

The Patrons of Industry of Monroe township gave a picnic at Pleasant Grove last Saturday. The meeting was a success financially and a pleasant time was had by those attending. Appropriate addresses were made by County Commissioner Jones, Representative Swain and Rev. David Martin, while the Walnut Grove band and the Pleasant Grove choir furnished the best of music.

The political ball was rolled forth for the first time this campaign last Saturday afternoon by the democrats of Monroe township by raising skyward a hickory staff 125 feet long. Mr. Shadan and Hon. S. M. Hench addressed a good sized audience in the evening. Hon. Allen Zollars and B. F. Calvert will address a meeting here on the evening of Thursday, Sept. 29, for which time preparations are being made to have a monstrous gathering.

Vacation is approaching an end and school children will soon meditate upon theories pertaining to the understanding. Trustees have made careful selections of teachers to preside over the destiny of their respective schools for the coming term. Trustee John McConnell, of Jackson township, will have the following teachers:

District No. 1.—Miss Minnie Emenhiser.

District No. 2.—Miss Edna Gorrell.

District No. 3.—Mrs. Sadie Kantrowits.

District No. 4.—Ben McKeeman.

District No. 5.—Miss Josie Conklin.

District No. 6.—J. M. Gorrell.

District No. 7.—To be selected.

These schools begin October 17.

Trustee C. Hoffman, of Monroe, makes the following selection:

District No. 1.—A. L. Bainbridge.

District No. 2.—W. J. Cowan.

District No. 3.—Miss Libbie Brower.

District No. 4.—Miss Estella Baker.

District No. 5.—Miss Adda Griffith.

District No. 6.—J. F. Winans.

District No. 7.—W. H. Winans.

District No. 8.—Miss Nora Brandeberry.

District No. 9.—John H. Buchanan.

William Franke, trustee of Madison township, hands us the names of his teachers. They are:

District No. 1.—J. J. Peters.

District No. 2.—Miss Anna Brewer.

District No. 3 — Miss Anna McWhirter.

District No. 4.—M. A. Smith.

District No. 5.—Miss Rose Miller.

District No. 6.—Louis L. Driver.

District No. 7.—Miss Rena Gressler.

District No. 8.—John Ruhl.

District No. 9.—Primary Miss Bertha Ramsay; advance, F. L. Brock.

District No. 10.—Ida J. McIntosh.

The schools in Madison and Monroe townships commences October 3.

STATE NEWS.

Chancellor Kent Bryan, of Shelbyville, is dead of consumption. He was a merchant and prominent in Masonic and Methodist circles.

James H. Travers and John Daniels, Shelbyville talent, serving terms in the prison south, and detailed as "trusties," have effected their escape.

A stranger, supposed to be Henry Whelan, a recent inmate of a soldier's home, walked into Dr. Mullen's office, at Hamimond, and dropped dead.

The Hamilton county grand jury returned twenty-nine indictments, and the prosecuting attorney intimates that among them are some "boomers."

John Burnham, twelve years old, son of James Burnham, of Clay City, while fooling with a shot-gun, discharged the contents of one barrel into his thigh.

Ellsworth Cox left Greencastle in an intoxicated condition, and the next morning his remains were found strewn along the railway track. He lived near Okaila.

Calvin Miller and wife, of Marion, have had triplets added to their family. The children are well and strong. Their combined weight at birth was seventeen pounds.

S. W. Early, colored, has been arrested at Wabash, charged with forgery and embezzlement. He was treasurer of an emancipation celebration society at Norwalk, Ohio, and skipped out.

The report is revived at Terre Haute that the Terre Haute and Peoria railway will soon pass into the control of the Terre Haute and Indianapolis company, and will be operated in connection with the Vandalia system.

Mrs. Mitchell, wife of William Mitchell, ex, the veteran editor of the Hancock Democrat, at Greenfield, died suddenly of heart failure. She was an estimable lady, for many years a resident of Greenfield and the mother of eight children.

The Mulberry street M. E. tabernacle, at Kokomo, burned Sunday. The fire communicated to Andrew Lehman's barn and three horses were cremated. Total loss $2,500, with small insurance.

Miss Anna Williams and Miss Clara Rogers, of Goshen, are en route for Sacramento, Cal., where they will be, respectively, wedded to Frederick Bernhoff and Herman Roth, to whom they have been engaged for ten years.

Millinery opening Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Sept. 28, 29 and 30.

MRS. W. MALLOY,
24-2t-28 8 Arcade Building.

2 Disastrous Boiler Explosions

Are prevented by inspections as made by the "Hartford" Steam plants. Under this company's charge boilers are recently examined to determine the strength of each boiler's weak point. (Every boiler has one.) See

22-eod LUMBARD.

The violin department under the direction of Mr. W. H. Meyer, of Chicago, will be resumed Oct. 1. Pupils desiring to make arrangements for lessons will please call at the School of Music, 36 West Wayne street.

21eod4t M. M. ANDERSON.

PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTIONS

In all grades. Special attention to young beginners. Robert L. Ayers, 49 East Lewis street. 29-eod-1f

Headquarters for Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Furs.
eod 3t THE BOSTON STORE.

You can buy gold wall paper tomorrow for 3 cents a roll at L. O. Hull's, 90 Calhoun street.

Class in Mechanical, Architectural and Free-hand Drawing, under direction of Mr. W. H. Meyer, at McDermut's Fort Wayne Business College, Tuesday evening, Sept. 27. Call and bring your friends. Calhoun St., opposite Court House. 26-2t

Tenrite Explosion.

Many steam users imagine themselves secure against accident because their boilers have never given out and no defect sufficiently prominent to occasion them uneasiness made its appearance. False security. Get "Hartford" inspection and insurance.

22 eod LUMBARD.

Ladies! don't fail to see Mrs. F. C. Spiegel's pattern hats at 106 Broadway.

Class in Mechanical, Architectural and Free-hand Drawing, under direction of Mr. W. H. Meyer, at McDermut's Fort Wayne Business College, Tuesday evening, Sept. 27. Call and bring your friends. Calhoun St., opposite Court House. 26-2t

Lovers of fine Chinaware and latest novelties in Japanese goods, vases, mirrors, etc., should read Wharton & Crateley's "ad" on first page, today's paper. 23-3t

Parties wishing to see Geo. S. Hall, the decorator, can find him at H. A. Kirchofer & Co.'s fresco room, at 21 West Berry street. 20-1f

Tressell's Hungarian Process and Silver Dollar Flour are the best in the market. Take no other. Also Tillabury Head," Springwheat Patent. 11-1m

Lincoln Tea cleanses the system effectively, dispells colds, headaches, and cures habitual constipation.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 27th.

The Greatest Comedy Hit of the Age.

—A—

Railroad Ticket!

New Music! Novel Specialties!

CAST:

Miss Alma Earle	Chas. Burke
" Lee Jarvis	Louis Wesley
" Mary Stuart	William Simms
" Anna Bruce	Harry Blaney
" Emile Sanford	J. F. Curry
" Tyne Cohen	Jas. C. Cherrie
" Nora Stroue	Bijou quartette

Miss Flora Edgar.

All Scenery for the entire production carried by the Company.

Seats on Sale Saturday.

H. J. ASH'S

Elegant New Stove House is open. He is showing a large and handsome line of Stoves at lower prices than ever. It will do you good to examine his Bright New Stock of Kitchen Furnishing Goods. Store open every evening until 9 o'clock. If you are in need of a Stove or Kitchen Goods do not fail to see his stock all marked at bottom Cash Price.

16 EAST COLUMBIA STREET.

THE FIRST GOOD OPPORTUNITY GIVEN THIS YEAR.

For the next 30 days you can buy your Wall Paper below wholesale prices as we have the largest and most complete line in the city and are compelled to make room for next year's goods.

We will give a discount of 10 per cent. on the lowest prices you can obtain of any dealer in the city during the time mentioned.

FRED. KREIBAUM,
No. 90 Barr Street.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
134 BROADWAY.
Call and Examine Our Stock.
Repairing of all Kinds a Specialty.
JNO. CARNS.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,

(Pixley & Long Block, East Berry Street.)

BIG MONEY SAVERS!

Which are Now on Sale.

100 dozen All Linen Damask Towels, with Knotted Fringe at 15c each; worth 25c.

40 pieces of 60 and 70-inch

DAMASK TABLE LINENS!

Splendid Goods, in Bleached and Unbleached, at 50c yd., worth 75c.

25 pieces of 72 inch

EXTRA FINE DAMASK TABLE LINENS,

in Bleached and Unbleached at 65c yd., worth $1.00 yd.

120 DOZ. CHILDREN'S FAST BLACK RIBBED HOSE,

Just the Thing for School Wear, at 25c pair, worth 38c.

25 pieces of Changeable Surah Silks, were cheap at 79c yard, for 62 1-2c yard.

A magnificent line of New Chenille Portiers and Lace Curtains just opened up.

And while you are in the store just take a look over our Immense Cloak Stock. No such variety to be seen elsewhere, and I tell you we are selling them.

One Price to All.

BEADELL & COMPANY,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
BEST LIGHTED STORE in the CITY.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Thursday, September 29.

The Premiers,

HAVERLY'S MASTEDON MINSTRELS,

Under the Personal Direction of J. H. HAVERLY, Wm. Foster, Manager.

The Finest and Best Minstrel Organization in the World.

Direct from a SIX MONTHS' RUN AT HAVERLY'S CASINO, CHICAGO.

The Best Singers. The Best Comedians. The Best Dancers. The Best Specialties.

ALL THE OLD FAVORITES!

Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kayne, Wenzel Swain Winter, J. H. Thatcher, Leo. Pallister, Fred Wilson, Ed. Rogers, Neil Ottesen, Harry Donaldson, Chas. Hill, Arthur Yule, Geo. Ayars, Fred Bandelly and 25 others.

No Parade—but a Grand Free Open Air Concert at 2:30 o'clock p m. at the Court House Square on day of Performance.

Prices, 25, 50, 75c and $1.

For FRESH and PURE Candies

—CALL AT—

CANDY BAZAAR,

Cor. Berry and Harrison Sts.

Candy Made Fresh Every Day.

PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the mayor's office on Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1892, at 8 o'clock for the erection of a cement sewer, according to the plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Wing & Mahurin, architects, after Wednesday, Sept. 21, 1892.

All bids must be accompanied by a good surety bond of $500, signed by two freeholders, or a certified check or bids. Bids to be made on blanks furnished by the architects.

The council reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

HERMAN MICHAEL, Secretary.
C. A. ZOLLING, jr., Chairman. 26-3t-eod

WATCHES

Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Eyeglasses

Arcade Watch Hospital. Repairing A Specialty

Get our prices, it will cost you nothing. We can save you money or we don't ask you to buy. Come and see us. Others have tried us and went away happy.

YOUNG, The Arcade Jeweler.

L. O. HULL, WALL PAPER,

(best patterns, and colorings, lowest prices.)

Paints, Artist's Materials, Window Curtains, Window Glass.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

Paper Hanging, Decorating, Etc.

First-class Work, Prompt Service, Lowest Prices.

Special Bargains in Remnants Every Wednesday.

No. 90 Calhoun Street.

Golden & Monahan

Sole agents for the celebrated Dunlap and Melville Hats.

For Nobby Styles and Lowest Prices call and see us.

A full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods; the latest styles.

Golden & Monahan

56 Calhoun Street.

Hair Dressing Parlors,
29 East Washington Street.
Manufacturing a Specialty.
Also Kid Gloves Nicely cleaned.
MRS. I. M. SMITH.

"MUSIC SCHOOL"
OF
Voice Culture and Instrumental Music.
40 West Berry Street.
Fourth Year Begins Monday, Sept. 5th, 1892.
Mrs. L. WEBB BANNISTER.

Railroad News Stand,
270 Calhoun Street.
Headquarters for Periodicals, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Detroit Dailies.
Full line of Cigars and Tobacco. Candies and Chewing Gum.